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REPORT

ON

SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF RESIDENTIAL APARTMENT BUILDING AT AROKIASAMY PILLAI STREET, CRAWFORD, TRICHY

Client

Mrs. Clara J Prabhakar, Mr. V. Christo Packiadurai,
Mrs. Felcy Tamby, Mrs. Daisy Rosario,
Mrs. Josephine Daniel Peter Daniel Victor, Mr. Vincent Ignatius Durai,
Mrs. Jacquline Margaret Theresa Santhanarajan Stanley,
Mr. Benjamin Stephen Roche,
New T. s. No. 31, Old T. S. No. 137/1,
New Ward No. A K, Old Ward No. K,
Block No. 4, Arokiasamy Pillai Street,
K. Abhishekapuram Zone,
Tiruchirappalli City Corporation.

By

Time

Quality is Excellence

TIME INSTITUTE FOR MATERIALS TESTING
14/16 NEW RAJA COLONY,
BEEMA NAGAR,
CONTONMENT,
TIRUCHIRAPPALLI – 620 001.
Ph: 0431 2401326

MARCH 2022

...KUMAR, B.E.,M.E.,
Registered Geotechnical ...
(TJS/...), Chartered ...
205, ... 25, O M Rajoo ...
Nanj... Road, THANJAVU...

SUMMARY

Project	:	Construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy
Project Reference	:	Time /27/ Soil Test / March 2022 2
Owner	:	Mrs. Clara J Prabhakar, Mr. V. Christo Packiadurai, Mrs. Felcy Tamby, Mrs. Daisy Rosario, Mrs. Josephine Daniel Peter Daniel Victor, Mr. Vincent Ignatius Durai, Mrs. Jacquline Margaret Theresa Santhanarajan Stanley, Mr. Benjamin Stephen Roche, New T. s. No. 31, Old T. S. No. 137/1, New Ward No. A K, Old Ward No. K, Block No. 4, Arokiasamy Pillai Street, K. Abhishekapuram Zone, Tiruchirappalli City Corporation.
Type of Structure	:	R.C.C. Framed construction
Location	:	Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy
Scope	:	Geotechnical investigation for the entire area of construction
Test conducted	:	Two explanatory bore holes up to 4.5m depth were made and conducted standard penetration tests at every 1.5m depth. The undisturbed soil samples were collected at every 1.5m depth for laboratory test.

FINDINGS

Soil at shallow depth	:	Red gravels exists up to 3.5m depth
Hard stratum	:	Weathered rock exists up to 4.5m depth.
Ground water table	:	Ground water table exists at 3.6m depth from ground level during investigation.

FOUNDATION : Based on the existing soil condition, it is recommended to provide foundation at 3m depth.

Dr.S. [illegible] B.E.,M.E.,Ph.D.,[illegible]
Registered G[illegible]echnical Engineer
(TJR/RGE/201[illegible]), Chartered Engineer
203, Plot No [illegible] Rajee Nagar
[illegible] AVADI, CHENNAI-600 062

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SOIL INVESTIGATION

ACCREDITED
ISO - 17025:2005

B.N. Krishnaswami, M.E., (Struct. Engg.), Ph.D.,
Former Faculty, NIT, Trichy

Time Institute for Materials Testing

टाइम इन्स्टिट्यूट चीज़े शोथ केलिए

Soil & Structural Consultant, Construction Materials Testing Lab

Quality is Excellence

March 12, 2022

To

Mrs. Clara J Prabhakar, Mr. V. Christo Packladurai,
Mrs. Felcy Tamby, Mrs. Daisy Rosario,
Mrs. Josephine Daniel Peter Daniel Victor, Mr. Vincent Ignatius Durai,
Mrs. Jacquline Margaret Theresa Santhanarajan Stanley,
Mr. Benjamin Stephen Roche,
New T. s. No. 31, Old T. S. No. 137/1,
New Ward No. A K, Old Ward No. K,
Block No. 4, Arokiasamy Pillai Street,
K. Abhishekapuram Zone,
Tiruchirappalli City Corporation.

REPORT ON SOIL INVESTIGATION

(Ref: TIME/27/ SOIL TEST/ FEBRUARY 2022)

Sub: Soil Investigation for Construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy - reg

Ref: Based on letter dated; 07.03.2022

1.1 Introduction:

It is proposed to construct a **Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy.** A detailed soil investigation was suggested for estimating the safe bearing capacity of the soil, so that suitable type of foundation can be decided for the proposed structure. Time Institute for Materials Testing (TIME) has been requested to undertake the soil investigation at the proposed site. The study was carried out by TIME on **09.03.2022.** This report presents complete investigation data and discusses the results to recommend the bearing capacity values at different depths for the proposed structure.

Section 2 describes the soil profile and bore log details of two exploratory bore holes. Section 3 of this report gives the Grain size distribution curves and its analysis. Section 4 of this report presents the calculated safe Bearing capacity values of soil at various depths. Section 5 of this report reviews the test results and the recommended safe bearing capacity values for design of foundation. Section 6 of this report presents the Soil sample photos. Section 7 of this report presents the Site Photos.

D. SENTHAMIL KUMAR, B.E., M.S., Ph.D., FICS, MIEI,
Registered Geotechnical Engineer,
(TJR/RGE/2019/088), Chartered Engineer,
703, Plot No.29, O.P. Nagar,
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR-613 005.

14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony, Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001. Tel : + 91 431 2401326, Fax : + 91 431 2401596
Mob : + 91 94433 27936. Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in Web: www.timeinstitute.net

1.2 Investigation Programme, Procedure and Data:

Investigation was carried out in two locations at the site through exploratory bore holes. Soil samples were collected from each bore hole at different depths for conducting laboratory test. Standard Penetration test was conducted at regular intervals and 'N' values were recorded. Undisturbed soil samples were collected and were preserved and transported to the laboratory for detailed identification tests. Based on the field and laboratory tests on the samples collected, the results are furnished in this report.

An exploratory bore hole was advanced from the existing ground level using truck mounted rotary drilling techniques supplemented by Betonies mud circulation. This drilling procedure with mud circulation is found most suitable for making exploratory bore hole. The mud circulation was employed through the drill rods and letting it out though the side jets provided in the cutting tool thus preventing any disturbance at the bore hole bottom. Mud circulation was used to stabilize the sides and the bottom of the bore hole, and then to bring the soil cuts to the surface. It is important to note that the mud jet is not used to cut the soils as in the case of wash boring technique. Use of drilling mud will also help in preventing the disturbance to the soil at the bore hole bottom during drilling operations. Diameter of the bore hole is about 150mm.

Bore hole was always kept full with the drilling mud so that a positive head is maintained in the bore hole thus preventing any disturbance to the soil within the test zone.

The field tests included Standard penetration test, Disturbed and undisturbed soil sampling, identification of different soil layers, Ground water table observation, complete logging of the bore hole, etc.

Laboratory investigation consisted of classification tests like grain size distribution analysis, determination of specific gravity etc. Unconfined Compression test and Direct shear was conducted on preserved soil samples. All the field and laboratory tests were conducted according to the procedures stipulated in relevant IS codes.

Engineering Consultant
(TJR/RGE/2019
203, Plot No.
Near New Bus St
Rajoo Nagar
VUR-613 003.

1.3 Review of Field and Laboratory Results:

Sub soil Profile

The original ground level in the presently investigated area was plain terrain.

Bore Hole 1:

The soil below the existing ground level is red soil. This layer is extended up to 0.8m depth. Red gravels exist from 0.8m to 3.5m depth. Below which disintegrated rock particles exist from 3.5m to 4.5m depth from the existing ground level. The soil stratification and its variation under present investigation are available in bore log details. The 'N' value is progressively increasing towards depth, due to the soil stratification.

Bore Hole 2:

The soil below the existing ground level is red soil. This layer is extended up to 0.6m depth. Red gravels exist from 0.6m to 3.4m depth. Below which weathered rock exist from 3.4m to 4.5m depth from the existing ground level. The soil stratification and its variation under present investigation are available in bore log details. The 'N' value is progressively increasing towards depth, due to the soil stratification.

Ground Water Table:

Ground water table exists at 3.6m depth from ground level during investigation.

Shear Strength

Standard Penetration test blow counts 'N' is measured at different levels in the bore hole. Mainly these 'N' values are used to assess the shear strength of different soil layers.

Cohesive layers: The classification of 'N' values in moderate to high plasticity medium clay deposits developed by Terzaghi is used for estimating the unconfined compression strength and untrained shear strength of clay and sandy clay layers. The consistency between the N values and the liquidity index values is reviewed while assigning undrained shear strength for soft to medium clay layers.

M.E., F.I.V., F.I.E.
Registered Chartered Engineer
(TJR / RGE / 20) Chartered Engineer
703, Plot No. 13, 7th St, Rajoo Nagar,
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR-613 00

Non - Cohesive Layers: The sand layers towards depth are of residual type and suitable modifications are made to take care of the presence of plastic fines in the residual soil. Conventional method of estimating the angle of shearing resistance ϕ corresponding to the relative density and the grain size distribution as per the classification suggested by Peck and suitably modified by the R.K. Hough to account for the influence of grain size distribution is adopted here.

1.4 Conclusions & Recommendations:

Shear strength parameters and compressibility parameters of different soil layers are established from the field and laboratory tests.

Based on the existing soil condition, it is recommended to provide foundation at 3m depth.

Time Institute for Materials Tests Tiruchirappalli-1.

12th March 2022

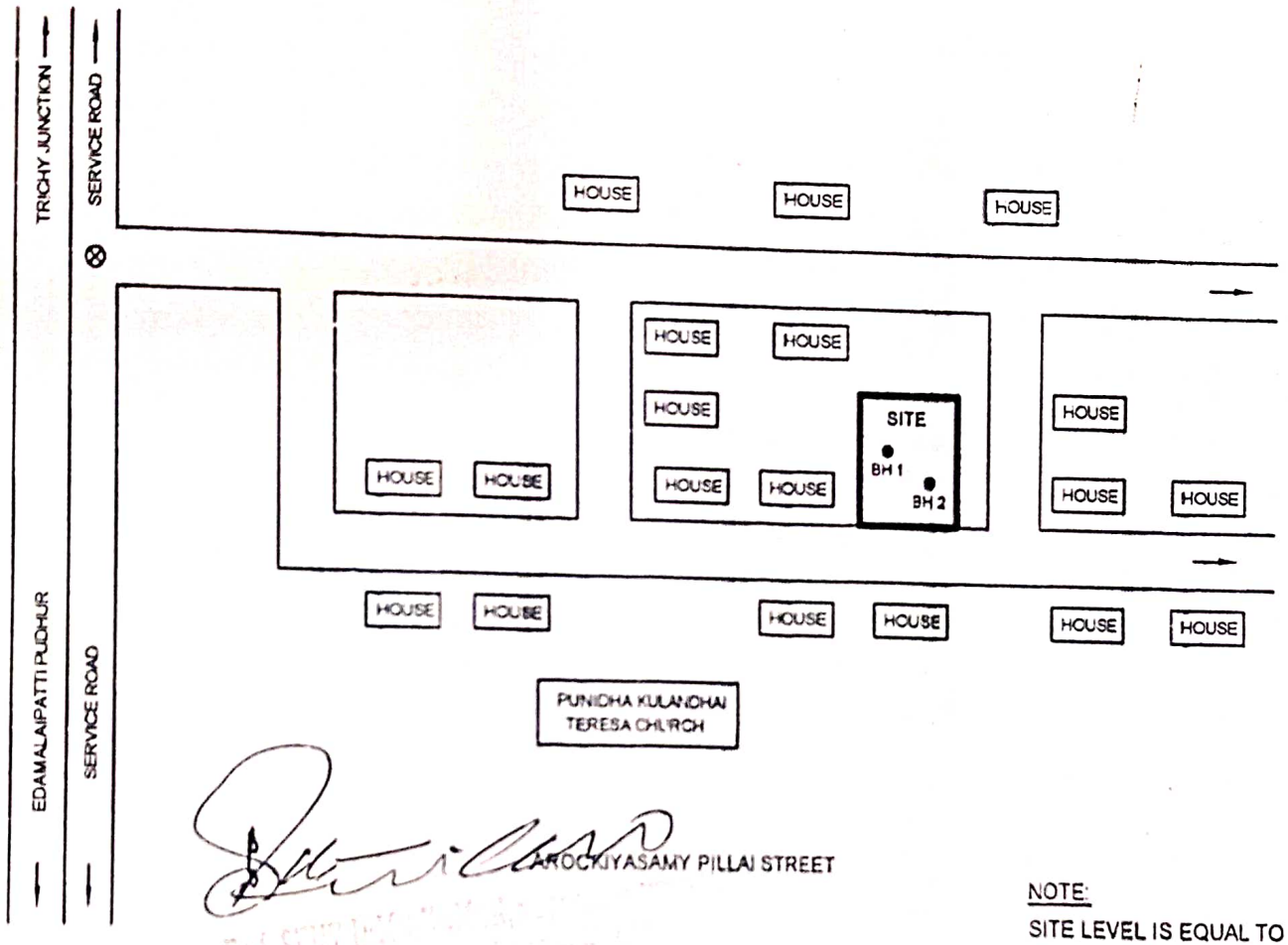
For Time Institute for Materials Testing

for S.S.

Dr. B.N. Krishnaswami.

Professional Geotechnical Engineer.

SITE LOCATION PLAN



NOTE:

SITE LEVEL IS EQUAL TO THE ROAD LEVEL

LEGEND:

- ● BORE LOG LOCATION
- ⊗ SITE LOCATION

SITE PLAN

CLIENT	Mrs. Clara J Prabhakar, Mr. V. Christo Packiadural, Mrs. Felcy Tamby, Mrs. Daisy Rosario, Mrs. Josephine Daniel Peter Daniel Victor, Mr. Vincent Ignatius Dural, Mrs. Jacquline Margaret Theresa Santhanarajan Stanley, Mr. Benjamin Stephen Roche, Aroklasamy Pillai Street, K. Abhishekapuram Zone, Tiruchirappalli City Corporation.	
SOIL CONSULTANT	TIME Institute for Materials Testing 4th Cross, 14/16, New Raja Colony, Beemanagar, Trichy - 620001 PHONE 0431 - 2401328(OFF)	
DATE OF SURVEY	09.03.2022	TITLE PLAN OF BORE HOLE AND SITE DETAILS AT AROKIASAMY PILLAI STREET, CRAWFORD, TRICHY
SCALE	NTS	DRG NO DRAWING - 01
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BORE LOG DETAILS

2.2 BORE LOG DETAILS FOR BORE HOLE 1

Project : Report on soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building
Location : Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy
Started on : 09.03.2022 **Ended on** : 09.03.2022
Depth of G.W.T : 3.6m
Type of Boring : Calyx drilling
Site Level : Equal to the road level

Lithology of Bore Hole			SPT Data					Graphical representation of penetration Resistance ('N' Value)
Depth below G.L. (m)	Profile	Soil Description	Depth of SPT (m)	0-15cm	15-30cm	30-45cm	N value	0 20 40 60
0 - 0.8m		Red Soil						
0.8m - 3.5m		Red gravels	1.5	Rebound			50	
			3.0	Rebound			52	
3.5m - 4.5m		Disintegrated rock particles	4.5	Rebound			55	

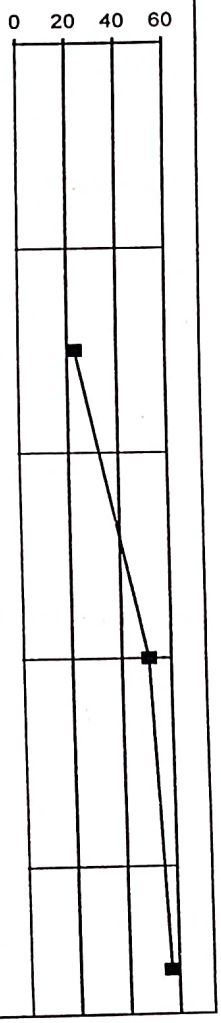
Bore terminated at 4.5m depth from the existing ground level

Registered Geotechnical Engineer
(TJR/RGE/2019/036), Chartered Engineer
TCS, No.23, O M Rajoo Nagar
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR-4

2.3 BORE LOG DETAILS FOR BORE HOLE 2

Project : Report on soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building
Location : Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy
Started on : 09.03.2022 **Ended on** : 09.03.2022
Depth of G.W.T : 3.6m
Type of Boring : Calyx drilling
Site Level : Equal to the road level

Lithology of Bore Hole			SPT Data					Graphical representation of penetration Resistance ('N' Value)
Depth below G.L. (m)	Profile	Soil Description	Depth of SPT (m)	0-15cm	15-30cm	30-45cm	N value	
0 - 0.6m		Red soil						
0.6m - 3.4m		Red gravels	1.5	4	8	15	23	
			3.0	Rebound			51	
3.4m - 4.5m		Weathered rock	4.5	Rebound			57	



Bore terminated at 4.5m depth from the existing ground level

Time Institute for Materials Testing, Trichy

D... SP...
...Registered ... Technical Engi...
(TJR / RGE / 20... ...), Chartered E...
703, Plot No. ..., O M Rajoo Nagar
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR-6...

2.4 Summary of Engineering Geo Properties

Natural Moisture Content:

The natural water content also called the natural moisture content is the ratio of the weight of water to the weight of the solids in a given mass of soil. This ratio is usually expressed as percentage.

$$W = [(W2-W3)/(W3-W1)] \times 100$$

Where,

W_1 = Weight of container gm

W_2 = Weight of container +wet soil gm

W_3 = Weight of container +dry soil

Bulk Density:

The total, or wet, density of soil, $_t$, is the ratio of the total mass of soil to its total volume and can be defined as follows:

$$\gamma_{bulk} = M / V$$

Where

M_t = Total Mass of soil

V_t = Total Volume

Dry Density:

The soil dry density, $_b$, is the ratio of the mass of the solid phase of the soil (i.e., dried soil) to its total volume (solid and pore volumes together) and is defined as follows:

$$\gamma_{dry} = M_b / V_b$$

Where

M_b = Total Mass of dried soil

V_b = Total Volume

Specific gravity:

Specific gravity is the ratio of the weight of a given volumeof a material at a standard temperature to the weight of an equal volume of distilled water at the same stated temperature.

The specific gravity G of the soil = $(W_2 - W_1) / [(W_4 - W_1)-(W_3-W_2)]$

Where

W_1 = Weight of density bottle
W_2 = Weight of density bottle + dry soil
W_3 = Weight of bottle + dry soil + water at temperature
W_4 = Weight of density bottle + Water

Void Ratio:

Soil void ratio (e) is the ratio of the volume of voids to the volume of solids:

$$e = (Vv) / (Vs)$$

Where
Vv is the volume of the voids (empty or filled with fluid),
Vs is the volume of solids.

Porosity:

Soil porosity (η) , which is defined as the ratio of the volume of voids to the total volume of the soil. The porosity and the void ratio are inter-related as follows:

$$\eta = (1 - (\gamma_d/G_s))*100$$

$$e = \eta/(1-\eta) \;\&\; \eta = e / (1+e)$$

Where
γ_d = Dry Density
G_s = Specific gravity

Summary of Engineering Geo Properties for Bore Hole 1 & 2

Bore hole No.	Depth (m)	Soil Description	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Bulk Density (gm/cc)	Dry Density (gm/cc)	Specific gravity	Porosity (%)	Void Ratio
Bore Hole 1	1.5	Red gravels	12.36	2.00	1.78	2.66	33	0.49
	3.0		11.08	2.04	1.84	2.66	31	0.45
	4.5	Disintegrated rock particles	8.74	2.07	1.90	2.67	29	0.40
Bore Hole 2	1.5	Red gravels	15.12	1.95	1.69	2.65	36	0.56
	3.0		11.87	2.02	1.81	2.66	32	0.47
	4.5	Weathered rock	6.53	2.10	1.97	2.68	26	0.36

2.5 Summary of Laboratory Test Results for Bore Hole 1 & 2

Bore hole No.	Depth (m)	Soil Description	Gravel (%)	Coarse sand (%)	Medium Sand (%)	Fine sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)
Bore Hole 1	1.5	Red gravels	43.6	29.8	17.6	5.8	2.0	1.2
	3.0		45.2	30.9	18.0	4.6	1.3	0.0
Bore Hole 2	1.5	Red gravels	44.1	29.2	16.1	7.9	2.7	0.0
	3.0		46.8	30.0	16.4	5.6	1.2	0.0

2.6 Shear Strength Parameters for Different layers of Bore Hole 1 & 2

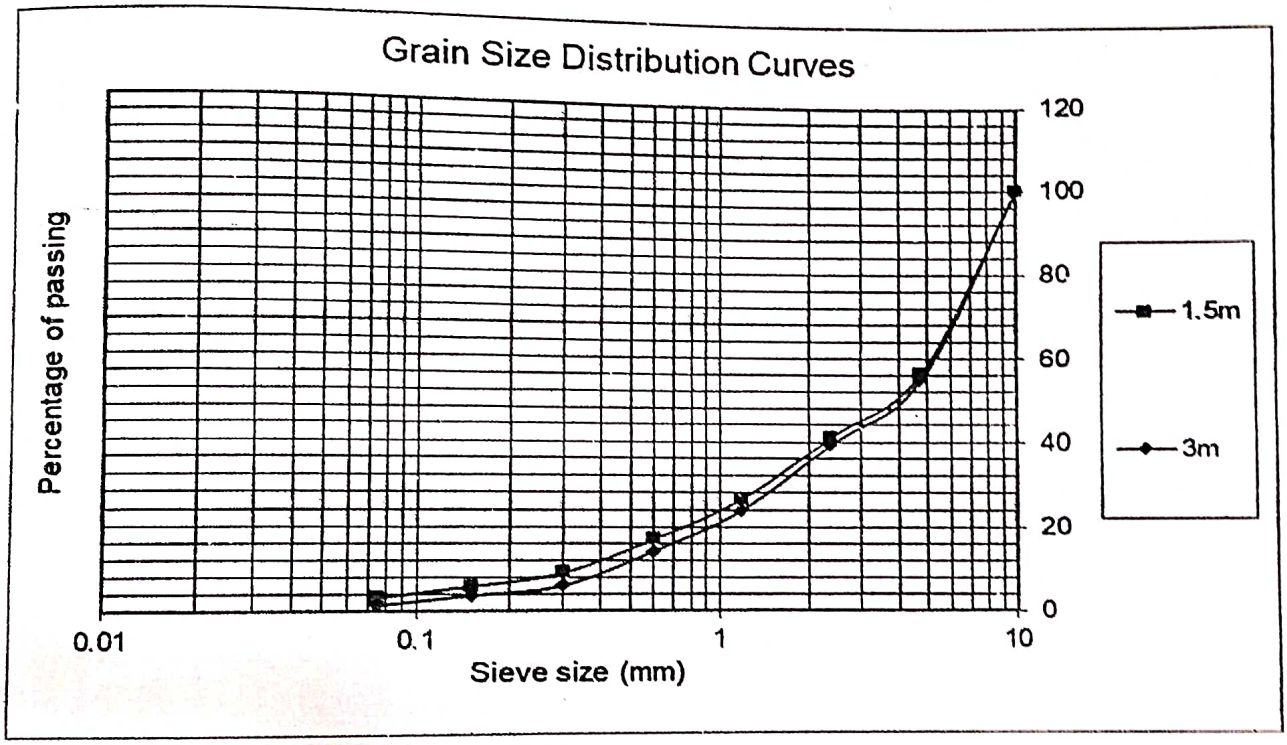
Bore Hole No.	Depth below G.L. (m)	Soil Description	N	Shear Strength 'Ø' (in degrees)
Bore Hole 1	1.5	Red gravels	50	37.20
	3.0		52	37.61
	4.5	Disintegrated rock particles	55	38.43
Bore Hole 2	1.5	Red gravels	23	34.16
	3.0		51	37.41
	4.5	Weathered rock	57	38.63

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

3.1 TEST REPORT ON SIEVE ANALYSIS OF SAMPLE

Bore Hole – 1 @ 1.5m & 3m

SIEVE SIZE	PERCENTAGE OF PASSING	
	1.5m Depth	3m Depth
10 mm	100	100
4.75 mm	56.4	54.8
2.36 mm	41.2	39.5
1.18 mm	26.6	23.9
600 micron	17	14.1
300 micron	9	5.9
150 micron	5.8	3.6
75 micron	3.2	1.3



Description	1.5m Depth	3m Depth
Fineness modulus	4.408	4.569

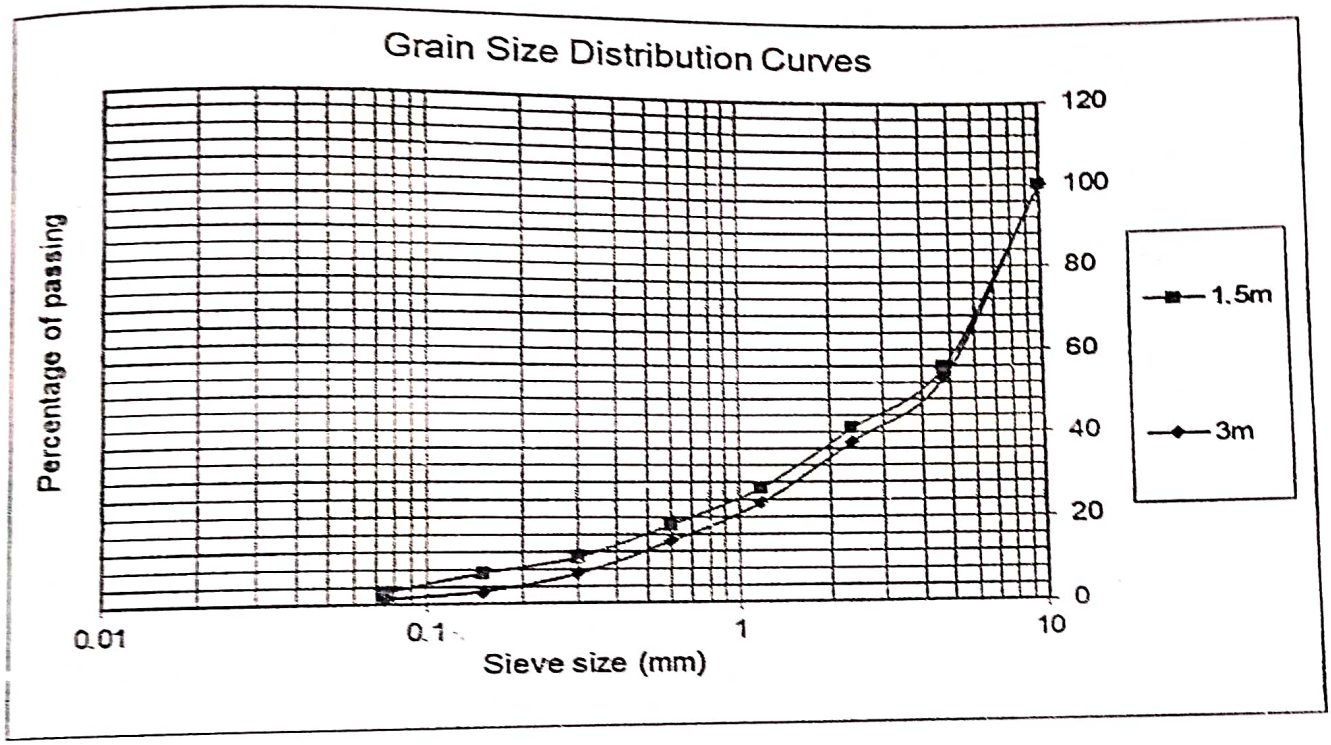
Observation:

The inference from the graph shows that the gravels exist up to 3m depth.

3.2 TEST REPORT ON SIEVE ANALYSIS OF SAMPLE

Bore Hole – 2 @ 1.5m & 3m

SIEVE SIZE	PERCENTAGE OF PASSING	
	1.5m Depth	3m Depth
10 mm	100	100
4.75 mm	55.9	53.2
2.36 mm	41	37.8
1.18 mm	26.7	23.2
600 micron	18.1	14.3
300 micron	10.6	6.8
150 micron	7	2.8
75 micron	2.7	1.2



Description	1.5m Depth	3m Depth
Fineness modulus	4.380	4.607

Observation:

The inference from the graph shows that the gravals exist up to 3m depth.

Registered Civil Engineer
(TJR/RGE/2015)
703, Plot No.
Rajoo Nagar
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR-613 007.

CALCULATION
OF
SAFE BEARING CAPACITY

4. CALCULATION OF SAFE BEARING CAPACITY

4.1 Safe bearing capacity calculation based on settlement and Shear

Safe Bearing Capacity calculations based on settlement consideration (SPT value):

Safe Bearing Capacity calculations for shallow foundation will vary based on the width of foundation.

For example, in the case of Individual footing such as isolated, combined etc., we are supposed to use the formula as mentioned below. (Using Teng's Modified formula)

$$q_{na} = 51.4 \times (N-3) \times \left(\frac{B+0.3}{2B}\right)^2 \times R_w \times C_d$$

Where,

q_{na}	=	Net safe bearing capacity of soil (kN/m²) (for 2.5cm permissible settlement)
N	=	Corrected SPT values
B	=	Width of foundation (m) (let us assume 2m)
R_w	=	Correction factor for water table level
C_d	=	Correction factor for depth of embedment

For Bore Hole 1 @ 3m depth SPT 'N' Value = 52

⇒ **q_{na} = 51.4 x (20 - 3) x ((2 + 0.3)/(2 x 2))² x 0.5 x 1 = 416.35 kN/m²**

∴ **q_{na} = 41.63 t/m²**

Safe Bearing Capacity calculations based on shear consideration (Direct Shear):
As Per IS 6403:1981

At 3m depth (Bore Hole 1)

Proving Ring capacity 200kg = 966.2 division

Area of the shear box = 6cm x 6cm = 36cm²

Normal Stress (kg/cm²)	No. of Division	Stress
0.5	23	0.132
1.0	92	0.529
1.5	157	0.903

Stress = Load / Area

= (200/966.2) * 23* (1/36) = 0.132

Ø = $\tan^{-1}$ (0.903-0.132) = 37.61°

Net safe bearing capacity of the soil (for general shear failure as per IS 6403:1981)

$$q_{ult} = C N_c S_c d_c i_c + q (N_q - 1) S_q d_q i_q + 0.5 B \gamma N_\gamma S_\gamma d_\gamma i_\gamma W'$$

Where

C	=	Cohesion in t/m²
N_c, N_q, N_γ	=	Bearing Capacity Factors (From Table 1 of IS 6403 – 1981)
S_c, S_q, S_γ	=	Shape Factors (From Table 2 of IS 6403 – 1981)
d_c, d_q, d_γ	=	Depth Factors
i_c, i_q, i_γ	=	Inclination Factors
q	=	Effective surcharge at the base level of foundation in t/m²
B	=	Width of footing, diameter of circular footing in m
γ	=	Bulk unit weight of soil in t/m³
W'	=	Correction factor for location of water table

At 3m depth (Bore hole 1), the Soil profile is Red Gravels

If $C = 0$ (Since no Cohesion)

$\Phi = 37.61$ (based on laboratory test)

Therefore $N_c = 61.379$;

$N_q = 49.453$;

$N_\gamma = 80.117$

Applying these parameters in the above equation

$$q_{ult} = C N_c S_c d_c i_c + q (N_q - 1) S_q d_q i_q + 0.5 B \gamma N_\gamma S_\gamma d_\gamma i_\gamma W'$$

Where $C = 0$ (Since no Cohesion)

Therefore, $$q_{ult} = q (N_q - 1) S_q d_q i_q + 0.5 B \gamma N_\gamma S_\gamma d_\gamma i_\gamma W'$$

Bearing Capacity calculation through shear density of soil 'γ'

There are two relationships of weight of soil to Volume of soil as

i) Total density or Bulk density

ii) Dry density

Therefore, Total Bulk density, $\gamma_t = \frac{\text{Total Weight of soil}}{\text{Total Volume of soil}} = \frac{W}{V}$

Dry Density $\gamma_d = W_s/V$; Whereas W_s = Total weight of solids

In a particular case the **total density** will be known as **saturated density**, when the soil is saturated.

Another density of soil will be known as submerged or buoyant density, γ_b when the soil is submerged in water.

$$\gamma_b = \gamma_t - \gamma_w$$

Where γ_w = Density of water = 1 g/cc or 1 t/m^3

Mostly soils submerged in water are saturated.

Hence $$\gamma_{buoyant} = \gamma_{sat} - \gamma_w$$

Based on the above equations,

	γ	=	γ_{sat}	= 1.8 t/m³	
	d	=	3m		
Here,	γ_b	=	$\gamma_{sat} - 1$	= 1.8 – 1	= 0.8 t/m³
Therefore,	q	=	γ_b x d	= 0.8 x 3	= 2.4 t/m²

	$S_q = S_\gamma$	=	Shape factor which is equal to 1
	$d_q = d_\gamma$	=	$1 + 0.1 \frac{df}{B} \sqrt{N\emptyset}$
		=	1 (Minimum value of 1 can be taken)
	i_q	=	inclination factor $(1 - \alpha/90)^2$
Where	α	=	inclination of the load to the vertical in degree which is equal to zero
	i_q	=	1
	B	=	Width of footing (2m)
	W'	=	0.5

Applying in the above equation

	q_{ult}	=	q (Nq- 1) S_q d_q i_q + 0.5 B γ N_γ S_γ d_γ i_γ W'
		=	2.4 x (49.453 - 1) x 1 x 1 x 1 + 0.5 x 2 x 1.8 x 80.117 x 1 x 1 x 1 x 0.5
		=	188.39 t/m²

Applying factor of safety as 3

Then allowable bearing capacity

	q_{na}	=	188.39 / 3
		=	62.80 t/m²

SAFE BEARING CAPACITY RESULTS

4. Calculation of Safe bearing capacity of the soil:

4.2 Safe Bearing capacity of soil based on SPT values for Bore Hole 1 & 2

Bore Hole No.	Depth (m)	SPT value	Safe Bearing capacity of soil	
			KN/m²	t/m²
BH – 1	1.50	50	399.35	39.93
	3.00	52	416.35	41.63
	4.50	55	441.84	44.18
BH – 2	1.50	23	169.94	16.99
	3.00	51	407.85	40.78
	4.50	57	458.83	45.88

4.3 Safe Bearing capacity of soil based on Shear Failure Criteria:

Through Direct Shear test

Bore Hole No.	Depth (m)	Normal Stress (kg/cm²)	Division	Ø (in degrees)	Safe Bearing Capacity of Soil (t/m²)
BH - 1	1.50	0.5 1.0 1.5	23 90 155	37.20°	40.86
	3.00	0.5 1.0 1.5	23 92 157	37.61°	62.80
	4.50	0.5 1.0 1.5	24 94 162	38.43°	91.25
BH - 2	1.50	0.5 1.0 1.5	23 82 141	34.16°	25.03
	3.00	0.5 1.0 1.5	23 91 156	37.41°	61.01
	4.50	0.5 1.0 1.5	24 94 163	38.63°	93.49

4.4 Comparison of Safe bearing capacity of soil through Shear and Settlement consideration:

Bore Hole no.	Depth (m)	Safe Bearing Capacity (t/m²)	
		Shear consideration (Direct Shear)	Settlement consideration
BH – 1	1.50	40.86	39.93
	3.00	62.80	41.63
	4.50	91.25	44.18
BH – 2	1.50	25.03	16.99
	3.00	61.01	40.78
	4.50	93.49	45.88

5. Result:

5.1 Recommended Safe bearing capacity values at different depths

Considering the lesser value of the above, the Safe Bearing Capacity, values at different depths are recommended below:

Bore Hole	Depth (m)	Safe Bearing Capacity (t/m²)
BH – 1	1.50	39.93
	3.00	41.63
	4.50	44.18
BH - 2	1.50	16.99
	3.00	40.78
	4.50	45.88

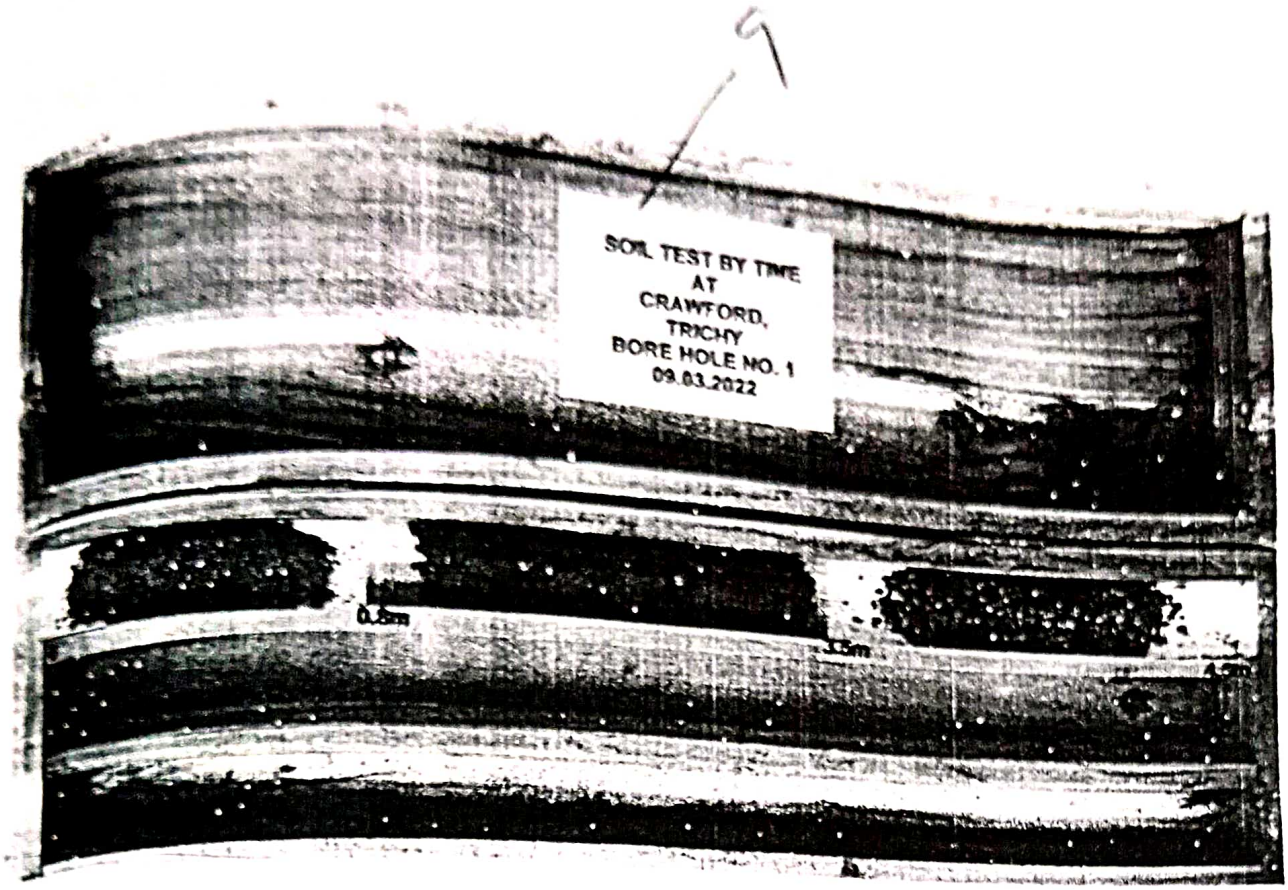
The above test data and findings are relevant and applicable only for the soil conditions existing at the test site. Any change in the soil strata observed during excavation may be reported to the laboratory, which will redefine the safe bearing capacity of the soil.

For Time Institute for Materials Testing.

Time Institute for Materials Testing

Geo Technical Engineer

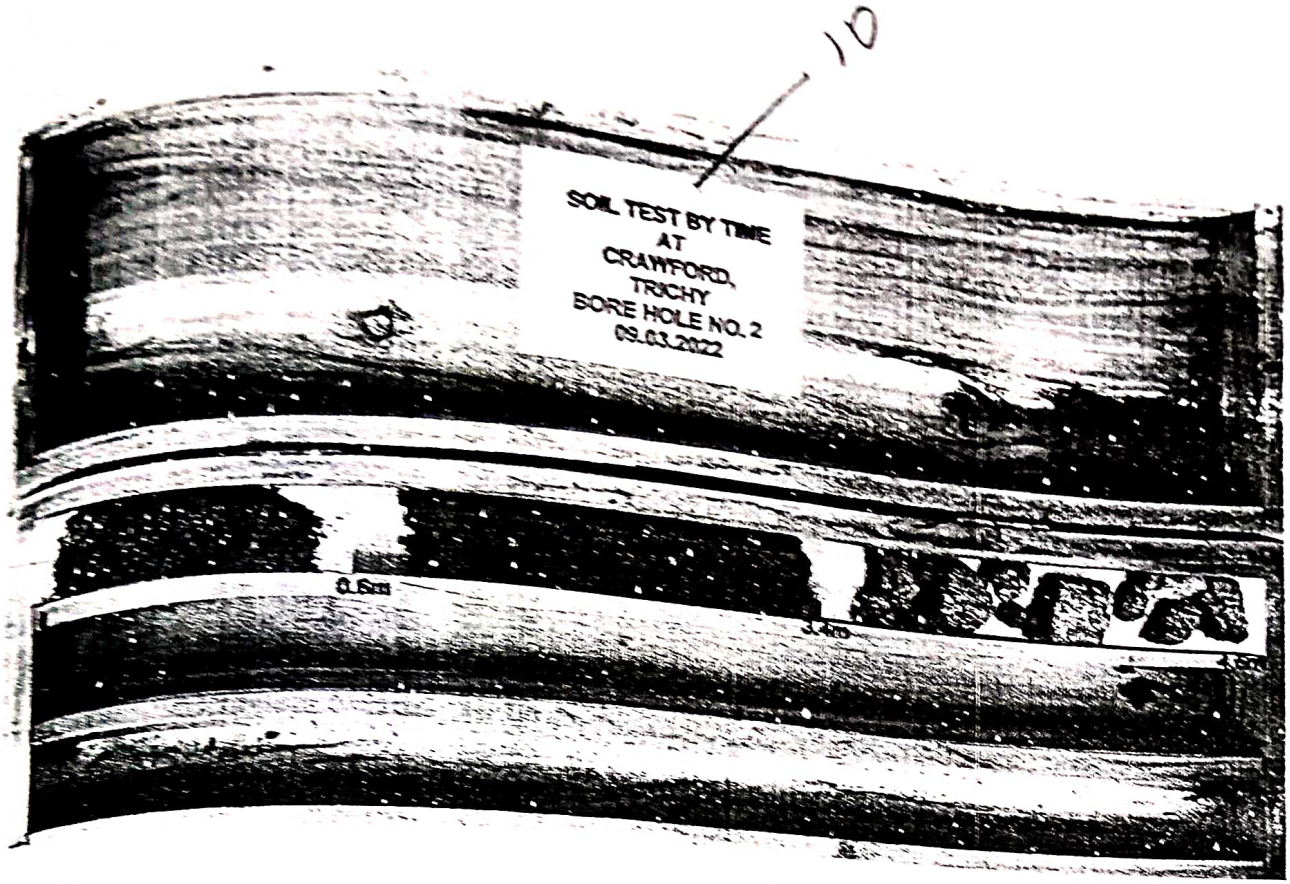
SOIL SAMPLE PHOTOS



Bore Hole No: 1

Depth : 0 to 4.5m

D.S.SENTHAMILKUMAR, B.E.,M.E.,(P.G.)
Registered Geotechnical Engg
(TJR/RGE/2019/0501, Chartered
703, Plot No.66, G.N. Rajaj
Near New Bu

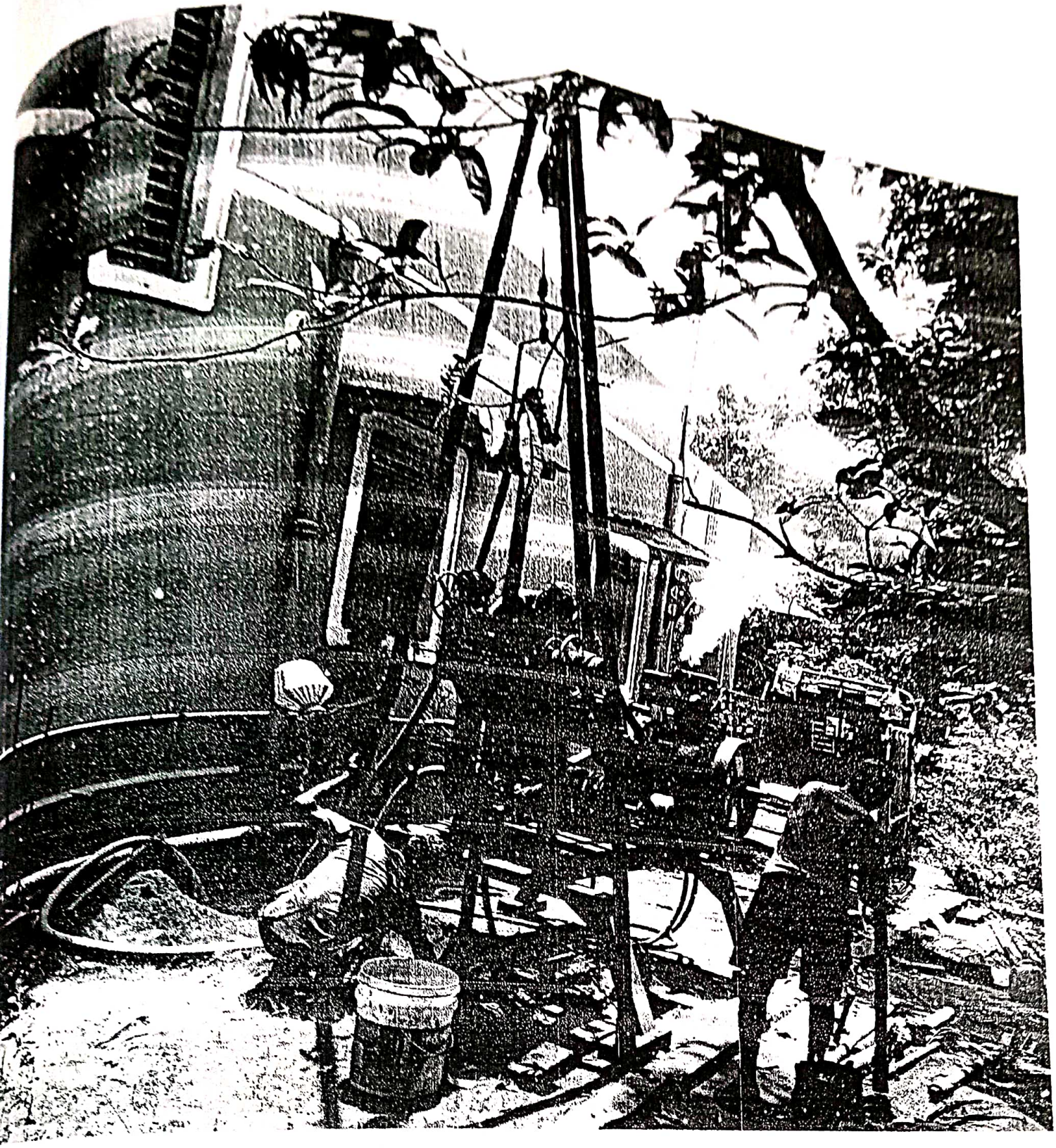


Bore Hole No: 2

Depth : 0 to 4.5m

Dr.S.SENTHIL KUMAR, B.E.,M.E.,Ph.D.,
Registered Geotechnical Engineer
(TJR/RGE/
703, Flat
Near New

SITE PHOTO



D. S. SANTHANAM, B.E., M.E., D.P.M.,
Registered Geotechnical Engineer
(TJR/RGE/2[illegible] Chartered Engineer
203, Plot No. [illegible] C.M. Rajoo Nagar,
Near New Bus [illegible] Thanjavur 6[illegible]

ANNEXURE

Time Institute for Materials Testing
Soil Division,
#14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony,
Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001.
Phone: 0431 2401326
Fax: 0431 2401596
Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - A

NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT
(As per IS 2720 (Part - 2) - 1973)

Project Name : Soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy

Bore Hole No. : 1

Depth : 3m

Trial	Wt of container (W) gm	Wt of container +wet soil (W_1) gm	Wt of container + Dry soil (W_2) gm	Wt of Water ($W_3 = W_1-W_2$) gm	Wt of Dry Soil ($W_4 = W_2-W$) gm	Water Content (%) = $(W_3-W_4)*100$
1	22.50	51.40	48.50	2.9	26.0	11.15
2	20.80	50.90	47.90	3.0	27.1	11.07
3	23.50	52.70	49.80	2.9	26.3	11.03

Natural Moisture Content = 11.08

Dr.S.SENTHAM... B.E., M.E., Ph.D...
Registered Chartered Mechanical Engineer
(TJR/RGE/2018/...), Chartered Engineer
705, Plot No. 99, G.M. Rajoo Nagar,
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR-613...

Time Institute for Materials Testing

#14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony,
Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001.
Phone: 0431 2401326
Fax: 0431 2401596
Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - B

SPECIFIC GRAVITY TEST
(As per IS 2720 (Part - 3) - 1980)

roject Name : Soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy

ore Hole No. : 1

epth : 3m

Trial	Bottle Wt (W1) gm	Bottle + Sample (W2) gm	Bottle + Sample + Water (W3) gm	Bottle + Water (W4) gm	Specific Gravity
1	32.6	91.5	117.6	80.8	2.665
2	32.6	92.7	118.3	80.8	2.659
3	32.6	92.3	118.1	80.8	2.665

Specific gravity of Fine Aggregate = 2.66

Dr.S.SENTHAMIL KUMAR, B.E, M.E, Ph.D
Registered Geotechnical Engineer
(TJR/RGE/2018/Geo/1) Chartered Engineer
168, Plot No.6, Sree Rajeswari
Nagar Main, THANJAVUR

Time Institute for Materials Testing
Soil Division,
#14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony,
Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001.
Phone: 0431 2401326
Fax: 0431 2401596
Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - C

DENSITY CALCULATION

ject Name : **Soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy**

re Hole No. : **1**

epth : **3m**

Sl. No.	Description	Reading
1	Weight of Empty Box (gm)	630.00
2	Weight of Box + Soil (gm)	814.00
3	Weight of Soil (gm)	184.00
4	Volume of Box (cm^3)	90.00
5	**Bulk Density (gm/cm^3)**	**2.04**
6	Weight of Container (gm)	22.80
7	Weight of Container + Wet Soil (gm)	51.80
8	Weight of Container + Dry Soil (gm)	48.90
9	Moisture Content (%)	11.11
10	**Dry Density (gm/cm^3)**	**1.84**

Result

Bulk Density of Soil = 2.04

Dry Density of Soil = 1.84

Time Institute for Materials Testing
Soil Division,
#14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony,
Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001
Phone: 0431 2401326
Fax: 0431 2401596
Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - D

POROSITY & VOID RATIO

Project Name : Soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy

Bore Hole No. : 1

Depth : 3m

Sl. No.	Description	Reading
1	Dry Density γ_d (gm/cm^3)	1.84
2	Specific gravity (G_s)	2.66
	Porosity (%)	(1 – (γd/Gs))*100
		(1-(1.74/2.64)) x 100 = 34.09
3	**Porosity (%)**	**31**
	Void Ratio, (e)	η/(1-η)
		0.3409/(1-0.3409)
4	**Void Ratio**	**0.45**

Dr.S.SENTHILKUMAR, M.E., Ph.D.,
Registered Geotechnical Engg.
(TJR/RGE/[illegible]/2008), Chartered
703, Plot No.[illegible], C.M. Rajoo
Near New Bus Stand, THANJAVUR

Time Institute for Materials Testing
Soil Division,
#14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony,
Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001.
Phone: 0431 2401328
Fax: 0431 2401328
Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - E

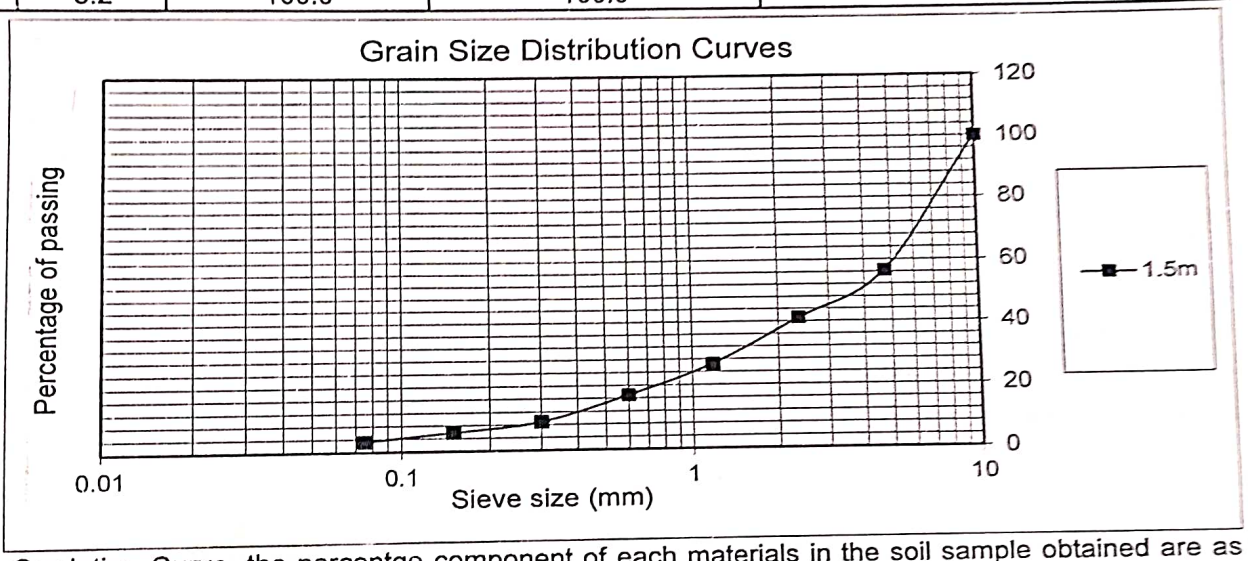
FINENESS MODULUS TEST
(As per IS 2720 (Part - 4) - 1985)

Project Name : Soil investigation for construction of Residential Apartment Building at Arokiasamy Pillai Street, Crawford, Trichy

Bore Hole No. : 1

Depth : 1.5m

Sieve size	Weight retained	Cumulative Weight retained (gm)	Percentage cumulative weight retained (gm)	Percentage of passing
10	0	0.0	0.0	100.0
4.75	43.6	43.6	43.6	56.4
2.36	15.3	58.9	58.9	41.1
1.18	14.6	73.5	73.5	26.5
0.6	9.6	83.1	83.1	16.9
0.3	8	91.1	91.1	8.9
0.15	3.1	94.2	94.2	5.8
0.075	2.6	96.8	96.8	3.2
Pan	3.2	100.0	100.0	0.0



Based on Gradation Curve, the percentge component of each materials in the soil sample obtained are as follows (As per IS 1498 - 1970).

Gravel (%)	43.6
Coarse Sand (%)	29.9
Medium Sand (%)	17.6
Fine sand (%)	5.7
Silt & Clay (%)	3.2

Time Institute for Materials Testing
Soil Division,
#14/16, 4th Cross, New Raja Colony,
Beema Nagar, Trichy - 620 001.
Phone: 0431 2401326
Fax: 0431 2401596
Email: tmaterialstesting@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - F

Direct Shear Test (IS 2720 - Part 13 -1986)

Bore Hole	1
Depth (m)	3m
Date of Test	11.03.2022

L.C. Of Dial Gauge	0.002
Proving ring Constant	0.206996
Area of the specimen (cm^2)	36

Trial 1

Normal Stress: 0.5 kg/cm^2

Horizontal Gauge Reading	Proving Ring Reading	Shear Deformation	Shear Stress (kg/cm^2)
0	0	0.00	0.000
50	10	0.50	0.057
100	12	1.00	0.069
150	14	1.50	0.080
200	16	2.00	0.092
250	18	2.50	0.103
300	20	3.00	0.115
350	22	3.50	0.126
400	23	4.00	0.132

Trial 2

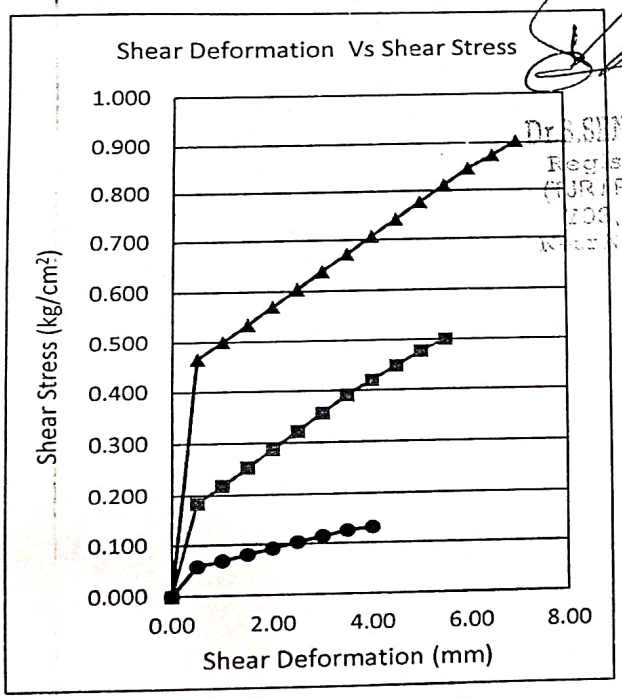
Normal Stress: 1 kg/cm^2

Horizontal Gauge Reading	Proving Ring Reading	Shear Deformation	Shear Stress (kg/cm^2)
0	0	0.00	0.000
50	32	0.50	0.184
100	38	1.00	0.218
150	44	1.50	0.253
200	50	2.00	0.287
250	56	2.50	0.322
300	62	3.00	0.356
350	68	3.50	0.391
400	73	4.00	0.420
450	78	4.50	0.448
500	83	5.00	0.477
550	87	5.50	0.500

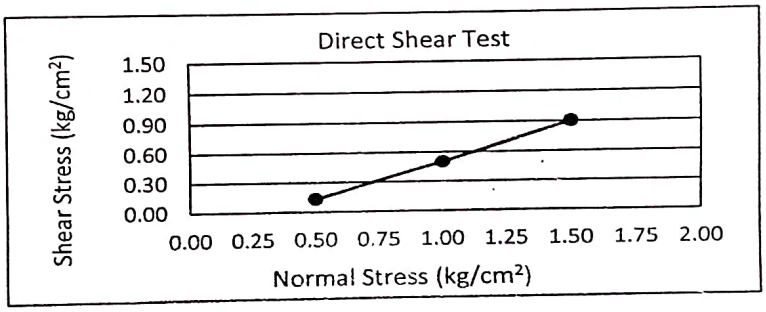
Trial 3

Normal Stress: 1.5 kg/cm^2

Horizontal Gauge Reading	Proving Ring Reading	Shear Deformation	Shear Stress (kg/cm^2)
0	0	0.00	0.000
50	81	0.50	0.466
100	87	1.00	0.500
150	93	1.50	0.535
200	99	2.00	0.569
250	105	2.50	0.604
300	111	3.00	0.638
350	117	3.50	0.673
400	123	4.00	0.707
450	129	4.50	0.742
500	135	5.00	0.776
550	141	5.50	0.811
600	147	6.00	0.845
650	152	6.50	0.874
700	157	7.00	0.903



Normal Stress (Kg/cm^2)	Proving Ring Reading at failure	Shear Stress (kg/cm^2)
0.50	23	0.132
1.00	87	0.500
1.50	157	0.903



$\emptyset = \tan^{-1} (0.903 - 0.132)$

Angle of Shearing Resistance ($\emptyset$) = 37.61 °

Time Institute for Materials Testing Tiruchirappalli-1

For Time Institute for Materials Testing

Geo Technical Engineer



our services doesn't just end there

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